

The Springfield Foundation

Financial Statements

December 31, 2021 and 2020

With Independent Auditors' Report

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Indep	pendent Auditors' Report	1-2
Finar	ncial Statements:	
	Statements of Financial Position	3-4
	Statements of Activities	5-6
	Statements of Functional Expenses.	7-8
	Statements of Cash Flows	9
	Notes to the Financial Statements	0-22



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of The Springfield Foundation:

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Springfield Foundation (a not-for-profit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Springfield Foundation as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The Springfield Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Springfield Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.



In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of The Springfield Foundation's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Springfield Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

Springfield, Ohio March 22, 2022

The Springfield Foundation Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2021 and 2020

Assets

	2021	2020
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,315,146	1,883,920
Contributions receivable	2,300,000	288,272
Prepaid expenses	20,495	<u>19,955</u>
	<u>5,635,641</u>	2,192,147
Investments		
Investments	110,185,553	91,964,644
Beneficial interest in trusts	339,461	2,545,073
Investment in limited liability company	266,077	251,982
	110,791,091	94,761,699
Property and equipment	400 744	440.057
Office equipment	123,714	118,857
Leasehold improvements	62,681	<u>52,664</u>
Long convenient demonstration	186,395	171,521
Less accumulated depreciation	149,669	141,532
Net property and equipment	36,726	29,989
Other assets	401,723	353,179
Total assets	\$ 116,865,181	97,337,014

The Springfield Foundation Statements of Financial Position (Continued) December 31, 2021 and 2020

Liabilities and net assets

	2021	2020
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,307	3,606
Grants payable	344,611	119,820
Compensated absences	48,604	46,034
Paycheck Protection Program loan	-	93,300
Split interest agreements payable	184,643	213,713
Agency funds payable	58,184,828	50,550,357
Total liabilities	58,763,993	51,026,830
Net assets		
Without donor restrictions		
Operating	725,876	517,956
Discretionary funds	13,466,275	11,829,937
Total without donor restrictions	14,192,151	12,347,893
With donor restrictions		
Horizon funds	64,094	63,135
Donor designated funds	12,706,888	10,014,571
Scholarship funds	13,672,498	10,275,527
Field of interest funds	6,779,272	5,611,439
Donor advised funds	10,686,285	7,997,619
Total with donor restrictions	43,909,037	33,962,291
Total net assets	58,101,188	46,310,184
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 116,865,181	97,337,014

The Springfield Foundation Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2021 With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total 2021	Total 2020
Support, revenues and gains				
Contributions	\$ 208,391	5,854,452	6,062,843	2,865,187
Endowment spend	57,304	· · · · -	57,304	57,304
Net investment return	2,095,187	6,882,850	8,978,037	4,353,876
Partners in Philanthropy	40,000	· · · · -	40,000	40,000
Miscellaneous income	179,356	-	179,356	152,469
Gain/(loss) on investment in limited				
liability company	14,095	-	14,095	(5,751)
Gain from forgiveness of debt	94,127	-	94,127	-
Net assets released from restriction	2,790,556	(2,790,556)	<u> </u>	
Total support, revenues and gains	5,479,016	9,946,746	15,425,762	7,463,085
Expenses				
Program service	3,064,911	-	3,064,911	3,324,378
Management and general	207,914	-	207,914	239,409
Fundraising	361,933		361,933	263,991
Total expenses	3,634,758		3,634,758	3,827,778
Change in net assets	1,844,258	9,946,746	11,791,004	3,635,307
Net assets beginning of year	12,347,893	33,962,291	46,310,184	42,674,877
Net assets end of year	\$ 14,192,151	43,909,037	58,101,188	46,310,184

The Springfield Foundation Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Support, revenues and gains			
Contributions	\$ 265,888	2,599,299	2,865,187
Endowment spend	57,304	-	57,304
Net investment return	1,155,580	3,198,296	4,353,876
Partners in Philanthropy	40,000	-	40,000
Miscellaneous income	152,469	-	152,469
Loss on investment in limited liability company	(5,751)	-	(5,751)
Net assets released from restriction	3,022,477	(3,022,477)	
Total support, revenues and gains	4,687,967	2,775,118	7,463,085
Expenses			
Program service	3,324,378	-	3,324,378
Management and general	239,409	-	239,409
Fundraising	263,991		263,991
Total expenses	3,827,778		3,827,778
Change in net assets	860,189	2,775,118	3,635,307
Net assets beginning of year	11,487,704	31,187,173	42,674,877
Net assets end of year	\$ 12,347,893	33,962,291	46,310,184

The Springfield Foundation Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<u>Program</u>	Management and General	Fundraising	<u>Totals</u>
Grants to others	\$ 2,681,614	-	-	2,681,614
Payroll, taxes and benefits	137,069	137,069	274,138	548,276
Professional fees	-	26,947	-	26,947
Advertising and promotion	3,918	3,918	7,836	15,672
Office expenses	4,963	4,963	9,923	19,849
Maintenance	2,028	2,028	4,057	8,113
Information technology	8,154	8,154	16,308	32,616
Occupancy	10,572	10,572	21,144	42,288
Depreciation	2,034	2,034	4,069	8,137
Insurance	1,575	1,575	3,150	6,300
Miscellaneous fund expenses	202,330	-	-	202,330
Other	10,654	10,654	21,308	42,616
Total expenses	\$ 3,064,911	207,914	361,933	3,634,758

The Springfield Foundation Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended December 31, 2020

	<u>Program</u>	Management and General	Fundraising	<u>Totals</u>
Grants to others	\$ 2,976,662	-	-	2,976,662
Payroll, taxes and benefits	162,470	166,129	206,731	535,330
Professional fees	-	27,265	-	27,265
Advertising and promotion	1,551	1,586	1,973	5,110
Office expenses	6,019	6,155	7,658	19,832
Maintenance	2,387	2,441	3,038	7,866
Information technology	9,246	9,454	11,765	30,465
Occupancy	12,602	12,885	16,035	41,522
Depreciation	2,293	2,345	2,919	7,557
Insurance	1,692	1,730	2,152	5,574
Miscellaneous fund expenses	140,244	-	-	140,244
Other	9,212	9,419	11,720	30,351
Total expenses	\$ 3,324,378	239,409	263,991	3,827,778

The Springfield Foundation Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

		2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities			
Change in net assets	\$	11,791,004	3,635,307
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to			
net cash provided by operating activities			
Depreciation		8,137	7,557
Realized gain on sale of investments		(2,602,433)	(1,665,654)
Unrealized gain on investments		(5,393,590)	(2,138,466)
(Gain)/loss on investment in limited liability company		(14,095)	5,751
Change in beneficial interest in trusts		(197,641)	(273,707)
Donated stock		(1,108,454)	(869,818)
Gain from forgiveness of debt		(94,127)	-
Effects of change in operating assets and liabilities			
Contributions receivable		(2,011,728)	(243,028)
Prepaid expenses		(540)	(3,258)
Other assets		(48,544)	(50,499)
Other accrued liabilities		1,098	2,967
Grants payable		224,791	(199,067)
Split interest agreements payable		(29,070)	(253,379)
Agency funds payable		7,634,471	3,249,905
Net cash provided by operating activities		8,159,279	1,204,611
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from beneficial interest in trust		2,403,253	-
Purchase of property and equipment		(14,874)	-
Purchases of investments		(21,438,207)	(14,098,802)
Proceeds from sale or maturity of investments		12,321,775	12,449,488
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,728,053)	(1,649,314)
Cash flows from financing activities			00.000
Proceeds from Paycheck Protection Program loan		<u> </u>	93,300
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		1,431,226	(351,403)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,883,920	2,235,323
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	3,315,146	1,883,920
Supplemental Disclosures:			
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Forgiveness of accrued interest on debt	\$	827	

1. DESCRIPTION AND PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION:

The Springfield Foundation (the "Foundation") is an Ohio not-for-profit corporation. The Foundation was established in 1948 for the purpose of providing for advancement and support of charitable, benevolent or educational purposes in Springfield and Clark County, Ohio. The Springfield Foundation raises, strengthens, and distributes charitable funds to benefit Clark County. The Foundation is primarily supported by local charitable giving, earnings on funds and long-term investments.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The following accounting principles and practices of the Foundation are set forth to facilitate the understanding of data presented in the financial statements:

Basis of accounting

The financial statements of The Springfield Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and accordingly reflect all significant receivables, payables, and other liabilities.

Financial statement presentation

The financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP), which requires the Foundation to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to the following net asset classifications:

- Net assets without donor restrictions: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed
 restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the
 Foundation. These net assets may be used at the discretion of the Foundation's management
 and the Board of Trustees.
- Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors. Some
 donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions that are likely to be met by actions of
 the Foundation or by the passage of time. The Foundation does not interpret any fund as
 perpetual in nature as the Foundation has variance power. Therefore, the Foundation did not
 have any perpetual net assets at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income taxes

The Foundation has been granted tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is, therefore, generally exempt from federal and state income taxes. The Foundation qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) and has been classified as an organization that is not a private foundation under Section 509(a)(1).

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

The Foundation considers the accounting and recognition for income tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the Foundation's income tax returns. The Foundation participates in certain investments that generate unrelated business income. The Foundation believes there is no material tax liability at year end. The Foundation's policy with regards to interest and penalties is to recognize interest through interest expense and penalties through other expense. In evaluating the Foundation's tax provision and tax-exempt status, interpretations and tax planning strategies were considered. The Foundation believes its estimates are appropriate based on the current facts and circumstances.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Foundation considers all unrestricted highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Contributions receivable

Unconditional contributions are recorded when the promise to give is received. The Foundation has not recorded its contributions receivable at net present value using a discount rate as all amounts are due within one year. Management establishes an allowance for doubtful contributions receivable based on past history with the donor and current economic conditions. No allowance for contributions receivable has been deemed necessary at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Investments and net investment income

The Foundation records investments in equity and debt securities, mutual funds, and alternative investments at their fair value. Realized and unrealized gains or losses are determined by the difference between carrying value and fair value. Gains and losses and investment income derived from investments are accounted for as income with donor restrictions or income without donor restrictions based on any restrictions imposed by donors. Net changes in fair value of investments and realized gains and losses on investments disposed are accumulated with interest and dividends received, net of investment expenses, and are reported in the statements of activities as net investment return.

Beneficial interest in trusts

Beneficial interest in trusts are resources held and administered by outside trustees for the benefit of the Foundation. These accounts are reported at the estimated fair value of the Foundation's interest of assets within the trusts with changes in value included in the statements of activities. Under the terms of the trusts, the Foundation has the irrevocable right to receive the trust assets when the trusts terminate in accordance with the trust agreements. During 2021, one trust terminated and the Foundation received a distribution of \$2,403,253 (Note 7).

Investment in limited liability company (LLC)

The Foundation owns a one-third interest in Healthy City Investments, LLC. There is no established market for this investment and it is inappropriate to estimate future cash flows, which are largely dependent upon economic development. The investment is accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, investments are initially recorded at cost and increased or decreased by the Foundation's pro-rata share of earnings or losses. The carrying cost of this investment is also increased or decreased to reflect additional contributions or withdrawals of capital.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

Unit share allocation

Donations received are placed into funds based upon the wishes of the donors and are invested in pooled funds. Individual funds are compared with the current fair value of the pooled funds and a "daily unit value" is assigned. The "daily unit value" is the basis for allocating income, realized and unrealized gains or losses to the individual funds.

Split interest agreements

The Foundation is the beneficiary of several charitable gift annuities and a charitable remainder trust. The Foundation values the split interest agreement liabilities using payment streams discounted at market rates over the remaining lives of the donors using standard mortality tables. The contribution recognized in the statements of activities is the difference between the assets received and the liabilities accepted.

Contributions

Contributions received are recorded as support with donor restrictions or without donor restrictions. The expiration of a donor-imposed restriction on a contribution or on endowment income is recognized in the period in which the restriction expires and at that time the related resources are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions. A restriction expires when the stipulated time period has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both, and is reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restriction. One funder provided 38% the Foundation's contribution revenue for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost, or fair value, if donated and depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets (5 to 15 years). It is the Foundation's policy to expense equipment with initial cost of less than \$1,000.

Grants payable

Grants payable in the accompanying statements of financial position are approved for payment and are payable within one year of the date of the financial statements of the Foundation.

Functional expense allocations

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to one or more programs or supporting functions of the Foundation. Expenses are directly applied when applicable and are allocated to programs or support services based on the table shown below. The costs of providing program and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Expenses are allocated as follows:

<u>Expense</u>	Allocation Method
Payroll, taxes and benefits	Time and Effort
Advertising and promotion	Full Time Equivalents
Office expenses	Full Time Equivalents
Maintenance	Full Time Equivalents
Information technology	Full Time Equivalents
Occupancy	Full Time Equivalents
Depreciation	Full Time Equivalents
Insurance	Full Time Equivalents
Other	Full Time Equivalents

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED):

Subsequent events

The Foundation evaluates events and transactions occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements for matters requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through March 22, 2022, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. NET ASSET CLASSIFICATIONS:

The Board of Trustees, on the advice of legal counsel, has determined that the majority of the Foundation's net assets do meet the definition of an endowment under Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as adopted by the State of Ohio in June 2009. The Foundation is governed subject to the governing documents for the Foundation and most contributions are subject to the governing documents. Certain contributions are received subject to other gift instruments or are subject to specific agreements with the Foundation.

Net Assets without donor restrictions

Operating - Incurs administrative costs in the operation of the Foundation's office, as well as facilities, all property and equipment, and related depreciation and amortization.

Discretionary Funds - Recipients selected by the Foundation.

Net Assets with donor restrictions

Horizon Funds - Allows donor to build a restricted fund to be transferred to a fund purpose listed below once the \$10,000 threshold has been reached.

Donor Designated Funds - Recipients designated by the donor in instrument of conveyance.

Scholarship Funds - Benefiting students attending high school and college.

Field-of-Interest Funds - Benefiting activities preferred by donors.

Donor Advised Funds - Recipients recommended by the donor, with the final decision made by the Foundation.

Return objectives

The Foundation's Investment Committee (the Committee) oversees the investment operations of the Foundation. The Committee is responsible for establishing asset allocation guidelines, selecting and monitoring investment managers to carry out the investment program, and monitoring the performance results for the Foundation on an ongoing basis. The Committee does not make specific investment decisions on a security-by-security basis. Qualified investment managers retained by the Committee exercise discretion within the parameters set forth by the Foundation's investment guidelines for the portfolio(s) they manage on behalf of the Foundation.

3. NET ASSET CLASSIFICATIONS (CONTINUED):

In establishing investment guidelines for the Foundation, the Committee considers the long-term nature of the asset pool as well as the cash flow needs of the portfolio. In addition, the Committee has considered the risk and return characteristics of the various asset classes available to institutional investors and sought the guidance of outside consultants. Target asset allocations and permissible ranges have been set for each class of investments.

Investment strategy

The performance objective for the Foundation is to exceed, after investment management fees, a customized blended benchmark based on the Investment Committee's established investment return guidelines. To evaluate success, the Committee compares the performance of the Foundation to the performance of a custom benchmark. The benchmark consists of a weighted-average of market indices that represents a passive implementation of the investment guideline targets. In addition, the performance objective for the Foundation is to enhance the inflation-adjusted purchasing power of the Funds' assets. The Funds' total returns should exceed the growth in consumer prices by a positive 6% to 7% annually. The objective needs to cover the costs of payouts for grants and scholarships, inflation, investment fees, administrative costs and depreciation. By investing the Funds' assets in multiple asset classes and using outside investment managers with well-diversified portfolios, diversification accomplishes its goal of insulating the portfolio from the effects of substantial losses in any single security, or sector of the market. The Board of Trustees has adopted statements of investment guidelines to formalize investment strategies for the Investment Committee to follow.

Endowment spending policies

Each donor of the Foundation will select a method to determine how to distribute dollars from the funds. When the funds are originally established, the donor will be asked to select a payout distribution method. Dollars that were allocated to be paid out in a given year, but were not distributed, can be carried over and distributed in subsequent years. All distributions will be made in compliance with UPMIFA.

Income only spending policy

The amount to be distributed is the sum of all earnings that have been allocated to the funds over the course of the year. The amount to be allocated is net of all fees the funds have incurred.

Total return policy

The payout amount for a fund is calculated by multiplying the average fair value of the preceding twelve quarters by a percentage approved by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees will approve the percent to be allocated each year; 5% for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020. Under the Total Return Spending Policy, a fund may distribute both earnings and realized gains. The calculation will be based on the twelve quarters ending September 30. This establishes a spending budget for the upcoming year.

Agency method

This method is for endowments established by not-for-profit agencies. Using the agency method of payout, the payout amount is determined by the needs of the agency that established the fund. The amount to be paid out can be distributed by any method that is mutually agreed to between the Foundation and the agency. All agency endowment funds and payouts must be approved by the Board of Trustees of the Foundation.

3. NET ASSET CLASSIFICATIONS (CONTINUED):

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	<u>Total</u>
Endowment assets, beginning of year	\$ 11,829,937	31,434,577	43,264,514
Contributions	9,064	4,901,132	4,910,196
Net investment return	2,243,936	6,879,437	9,123,373
Transfers in	-	111,360	111,360
Appropriations	(616,662)	(2,014,231)	(2,630,893)
Endowment assets, end of year	\$ 13,466,275	41,312,275	54,778,550

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended December 31, 2020 consisted of the following:

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	<u>Total</u>
Endowment assets, beginning of year Contributions	\$ 11,049,288 265,890	28,609,581 1,468,977	39,658,869 1,734,867
Net investment return	1,254,385	3,185,938	4,440,323
Transfers In	(700,000)	12,305	12,305
Appropriations	(739,626)	(1,842,224)	(2,581,850)
Endowment assets, end of year	\$ 11,829,937	31,434,577	43,264,514

During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, "transfers in" represent a change in donor designation.

4. CHARITABLE REMAINDER TRUST AND CHARITABLE GIFT ANNUITIES:

The Foundation is the beneficiary of a charitable remainder trust. The Foundation recognized the asset at fair value and a related liability for this trust based upon present value calculations, including the life expectancy of the contributor, the investment rates of return on the assets, and the distribution percentages stipulated in the agreement. The underlying investments consist of money market funds, common stocks, corporate bonds, municipal bonds and mutual funds at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Under the trust agreement, net interest and dividend earnings from the investments will be distributed to the contributor on a quarterly basis. The present value of the estimated future payments is calculated using discount rates equal to the investment rates of return on the assets and the applicable mortality table.

4. CHARITABLE REMAINDER TRUST AND CHARITABLE GIFT ANNUITIES (CONTINUED):

The Foundation is also the beneficiary of several charitable gift annuities. The present value of the annuities was recognized as a contribution during the initial year of the annuity in the same manner as noted above for the charitable remainder trust. The difference between these annuities and the above trust is that the contributors receive set quarterly distributions as opposed to the net earnings on the investments. There were no changes in actuarial assumptions resulting in revaluations at December 31, 2021 and 2020. The present values of the estimated future payments from these annuities were calculated using discount rates ranging from 5.1% to 6.6% and the applicable mortality table.

The following schedule summarizes the investments and activity associated with the charitable remainder trust and charitable gift annuities for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

	Charitable Remainder <u>Trust</u>	Charitable Gift <u>Annuities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fair value, January 1, 2020	\$ 556,616	27,916	584,532
Net earnings Distribution to donors	56,018 (20,060)	124,302 (70,054)	180,320 (90,114)
Fair value, December 31, 2020	592,574	82,164	674,738
Net earnings Distributions to donors	77,030 (8,383)	23,447 (10,163)	100,477 (18,546)
Fair value, December 31, 2021	\$ 661,221	95,448	756,669

5. GROWTH:

Partners in Philanthropy (the "Partners"), an auxiliary organization comprised of interested individuals, was created in 1995 to interpret the role of The Springfield Foundation as well as to increase its visibility. The Foundation's administrative and promotional costs are covered by the dues contributed by the Partners.

6. OTHER ASSETS:

Other assets consist primarily of insurance policies and annuities on the lives of local residents for which the Foundation has been irrevocably named as the beneficiary. The cash surrender value at December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$401,723 and \$353,179, respectively.

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED):

The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the ability to observe inputs as follows:

<u>Level 1-</u> Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in active markets.

Level 2- Inputs are observable quoted prices for similar assets in active markets.

<u>Level 3</u>- Inputs are unobservable and reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use as fair value. Certain types of investments are classified within Level 3 because they trade infrequently and therefore have little or no price transparency.

Fair value methods and assumptions for publicly traded securities and mutual funds are based on the Level 1 market approach. Investments in short-term investments, consisting of certificates of deposit and money market funds, corporate and municipal bonds are valued on Level 2 inputs using prices obtained from the Foundation's custodians, which used third party data service providers. Beneficial interest in trusts are valued on Level 3 inputs based on the underlying investments in the trust accounts based on the amounts provided by the trustees of the investments, without adjustment by management.

The Foundation values substantially all of its investments at amounts reported by the investment manager and as validated through consideration of the audited financial statements of such investments. Accordingly, the Foundation does not use separate quantitative information to value such investments.

GAAP allows for the use of a practical expedient for the estimation of the fair value of investments in investment companies for which the investment does not have a readily determinable fair value. The practical expedient used by the Foundation to value alternative investments is the net asset value (NAV) per share, or its equivalent.

The Foundation calculates the fair value of its beneficial interests in trusts based on the fair value of the underlying assets in the trusts as determined by the third-party trustees multiplied by the Foundation's percentage of ownership. The third-party trustees control the investments in the trusts and make all management and investment decisions. The trust assets are valued at quoted market prices for stocks, bonds, mutual, and exchange traded funds. The Springfield Foundation, as the beneficiary, does not have authority to manage these investments; however, the applicable trustee banks follow Ohio Trust Code for prudent asset management and diversification. The value of the beneficial interest in trusts will increase or decrease with an increase or decrease in the value of the underlying assets.

Because some of these investments are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and therefore may be different from the value that would have been used had a ready market for such investments existed. The net asset values provided by fund administrators consider variables such as the financial performance of underlying investments, recent sales prices of underlying investments and other pertinent information.

In addition, actual market exchanges at year-end provide additional observable market inputs of the exit price. The Foundation, relying on the work of its investment consultants, reviews valuations and assumptions provided by fund administrators for reasonableness and believes that the carrying amounts of these financial instruments are reasonable estimates of fair value.

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED):

Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and overall market volatility risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that a change in the value of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

The following tables present the assets as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

9					
	December 31,				
	<u>2021</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV
Investments					
Short-term investments	\$ 2,316,767	-	2,316,767	-	-
Corporate and municipal bonds	10,731	-	10,731	-	-
Common and preferred stocks	8,279,659	8,279,659	-	-	-
Mutual funds	63,747,471	63,747,471	-	-	-
Alternative investments	35,830,925				35,830,925
Total investments	\$ 110,185,553	72,027,130	2,327,498		35,830,925
Beneficial interest in trust	\$ 339,461			339,461	
	December 31				

	December 31, 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV
Investments	=	==			<u>:</u>
Short-term investments	\$ 2,581,817	-	2,581,817	-	-
Corporate and municipal bonds	32,512	-	32,512	-	-
Common and preferred stocks	7,321,175	7,321,175	-	-	-
Mutual funds	51,642,193	51,642,193	-	-	-
Alternative investments	30,386,947				30,386,947
Total investments	\$ 91,964,644	58,963,368	2,614,329		30,386,947
Beneficial interest in trusts	\$ 2,545,073			2,545,073	

The following is a reconciliation of the Foundation's assets valued at Level 3 inputs (beneficial interest in trusts) at December 31, 2021:

Balance as of January 1, 2021	\$ 2,545,073
Withdrawals and sales	(2,403,253)
Net investment return	197,641
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$ 339,461

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED):

The following table provides additional disclosures on the Foundation's investments measured at net asset value at December 31, 2021:

	Fair	Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption
	<u>Value</u>	Commitments	<u>Frequency</u>	Notice Period
RREEF American REIT (a) High income private equity funds (b) Private equity funds (c)	\$ 10,488,174	-	Quarterly	45 days
	4,391,166	-	None	15 days
	20,951,585	<u>5,365,413</u>	N/A	N/A
	\$ <u>35,830,925</u>	<u>5,365,413</u>		

The following table provides additional disclosures on the Foundation's investments measured at net asset value at December 31, 2020:

	Fair	Unfunded	Redemption	Redemption
	<u>Value</u>	Commitments	<u>Frequency</u>	Notice Period
RREEF American REIT (a) High income private equity funds (b) Private equity funds (c)	\$ 8,744,562	-	Quarterly	45 days
	4,028,689	-	None	60 days
	17,613,696	<u>6,192,413</u>	N/A	N/A
	\$ <u>30,386,947</u>	<u>6,192,413</u>		

- (a) This category includes investments in real estate investment trusts that invest in U.S. real estate, including; multi-family, industrial, retail and office properties. The fair values of the investments in this category have been estimated using the net asset value per share of the investments. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, all of the investments in this category can be redeemed with no restrictions.
- (b) This category includes investments in a multi-asset class, diversified portfolio of primarily below investment grade debt securities. The underlying assets are liquid and the fund's managers provide details of those assets. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, all of the investments in this category can be redeemed with no restrictions without exception.
- (c) This category includes several private equity funds that focus on buyout, growth equity and/or distressed debt. These investments are not redeemable. Instead, the nature of the investments in this category are that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets in the fund. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the fair values of the investments in this category have been estimated using the practical expedient provided by the investment manager.

8. PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM LOAN:

On May 4, 2020, the Foundation executed a loan of \$93,300 under the U.S. Small Business Administration's (SBA) Paycheck Protection Program (PPP). The conditions of the loan stipulate funds be expended on eligible payroll and other expenses to keep Americans employed through the COVID-19 pandemic to obtain forgiveness. During fiscal year 2021, the Foundation received full forgiveness from the SBA and recognized a gain from forgiveness of debt of \$94,127 in the statement of activities. This amount includes forgiven accrued interest of \$827.

9. AGENCY FUNDS PAYABLE:

The Springfield Foundation holds and disburses funds as an agent for several organizations. During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the following transactions occurred:

	_	2021	2020
Beginning agency funds payable	\$	50,550,357	47,300,452
Contributions Interest income Dividend income Realized gain on investments Unrealized gain on investments Total received on behalf of agency organizations		654,645 457,065 921,576 1,719,428 6,791,935	877,229 262,754 613,181 1,777,717 1,778,687 5,309,568
Grants distributed Trust and administration fees Total disbursed on behalf of agency organizations Net increase		2,538,827 371,351 2,910,178 7,634,471	1,735,646 324,017 2,059,663 3,249,905
Ending agency funds payable	\$	58,184,828	50,550,357

The above activity is not reported in the statements of activities.

10. LIQUIDITY DISCLOSURES:

The Foundation is substantially supported by contributions from donors and investment income. As part of the Foundation's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. In addition, the Foundation invests cash in excess of daily requirements in investments as deemed appropriate.

10. LIQUIDITY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED):

The following table presents the financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year at December 31:

Financial assets:	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Cash	\$ 3,315,146	1,883,920
Contributions receivable	2,300,000	288,272
Investments	110,185,553	91,964,644
Financial assets available at year-end	115,800,699	94,136,836
Less those unavailable for general expenditures within one year due to:		
Agency funds	58,184,828	50,550,357
Restricted by donor with purpose restriction	2,596,762	2,527,714
Investments held in board designated endowment	13,466,275	11,829,937
Investments held in donor restricted endowment	41,312,275	31,434,577
Estimated grants to be disbursed	11,012,270	01, 101,011
from endowment funds in subsequent year	(5,476,000)	(2,500,000)
Total limitations on available resources	110,084,140	93,842,585
Financial assets available to meet cash		
needs for general expenditures within one year	\$ <u>5,716,559</u>	294,251

11. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK:

Financial instruments which subject the Foundation to a concentration of credit risk include cash and investments. The Foundation maintains cash and investment balances at several financial institutions located in Ohio. Bank accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Foundation had uninsured cash balances totaling \$3,658,320 and \$1,985,341, respectively. To limit these risks, the Foundation places its cash investments with high credit quality financial institutions.

During 2021, the Foundation received approximately 38% of contributions from one donor. There were no concentrations of contributions in 2020. At December 31, 2021, all contributions receivable are due from one donor. There were no concentrations of contributions receivable at December 31, 2020.

The Foundation's investments are subject to the normal risks associated with financial markets. The Foundation manages the risk with regards to investments by adhering to an investment policy, which requires professional investment management, the distribution of investment funds among asset managers and the overall diversification of managed investment portfolios.

12. LEASE COMMITMENTS:

The Foundation leases office space and office equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$41,726 and \$40,812, respectively. Minimum payments required under such leases for the year ending December 31, 2022 are \$1,680.

13. RETIREMENT PLAN:

The Foundation has a qualified deferred compensation plan under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the plan, employees who meet eligibility requirements may elect to defer a portion of their salary, subject to statutory limits. The Foundation contributes 5 3/4% of each eligible employee's compensation to the plan, which includes a safe harbor of 3%. Foundation contributions under the plan vest with employees on a five-year graded scale. The Foundation's contributions to the plan were \$19,518 and \$23,267 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

14. RELATED PARTIES:

One member of the Board of Trustees was employed by a law firm and this firm was consulted by the Foundation during 2020. These legal costs totaled \$1,350 and for 2020. This person was not a Trustee during 2021.

One member of the Board of Trustees was employed by an investment advisor and this company was consulted by the Foundation during 2021 for the retirement plan assets. These retirement plan investment advisor fees totaled \$19,518 for 2021. This person was not a Trustee during 2020.

Members of the Board of Trustees and employees of the Foundation are related to individuals who have established Funds with the Foundation.

15. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT:

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, *Leases*. The standard requires all leases with lease terms over 12 months to be capitalized as a right-of-use asset and lease liability on the statement of financial position at the date of the lease commencement. Leases will be classified as either financing or operating. This distinction will be relevant for the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities. This standard will be effective for the Foundation's financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2022.

Management is currently evaluating the methods of adoption allowed by the new standard and the effect the standard is expected to have on the financial statements and related disclosures.

16. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES:

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a global pandemic, which continues to spread throughout the United States and around the world. The outbreak has caused business disruption through restricting the movement of people, reducing building capacities and caused significant market fluctuations. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact the Foundation's business activity, investment return or results of operations will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted at this time.



